



18 APRIL - 2 MAY 2013: SYRIA, JORDAN, LEBANON, IRAQ AND TURKEY

SITUATION IN NUMBERS

Highlights

The number of people seeking refuge outside of Syria continues to increase. Over 1.4 million Syrians including over 700,000 children require immediate support in neighbouring countries. Violence in Syria continues to escalate with the needs of affected populations increasing exponentially. Some 6.8 million people are now affected by the crisis inside Syria including 4.25 million IDPs.

- **SYRIA:** Over 90 tons of Chlorine were provided in Tartous, Hama, Homs, Damascus, Rural Damascus, Idleb and Lattakia enough to cover water purification for 200,000 people.
- **LEBANON:** Over 335,000 children have been vaccinated against measles, 61,000 against polio and 249,000 receiving Vitamin A supplements in UNICEF's two immunization campaigns.
- **JORDAN:** The mass vaccination campaign concluded in Za'atari on 25 April. With support from Ministry of Health, UNICEF, UNHCR, WHO, a total of 60,051 children and adults were vaccinated against measles.
- **IRAQ:** UNICEF has started constructing a shaded space, water facilities and separate male and female sanitation facilities at the Suhaila border area in Dohuk Governorate to assist hundreds of people crossing the border daily.
- **TURKEY:** UNICEF has supported 850 Syrian students in high school and University to complete six month intensive Turkish classes through the Turkce Ogretim Merkezi (TOMER - Turkish Teaching Centre). They will now be eligible to apply to Turkish universities in September 2013 and to access scholarships.

UNICEF's Response with partners



912,976 children were reached with MMR vaccine during the ongoing vaccination campaign in Syria.



UNICEF / partners are currently able to serve 122,350 beneficiaries through WASH infrastructure in Za'atari camp in Jordan, including 2,447 operational latrines.



A third school in Domiz camp in Iraq has recently opened and is providing education to 1,400 children. UNICEF has distributed 1,000 stationary kits for the students

In Syria

3,128,000

#of children affected out of

6,800,000

of people affected

(OCHA April 2013)

Outside Syria

728,167

#of children affected out of

1,419,430

of pending and registered refugees

(UNHCR, 2 May 2013)

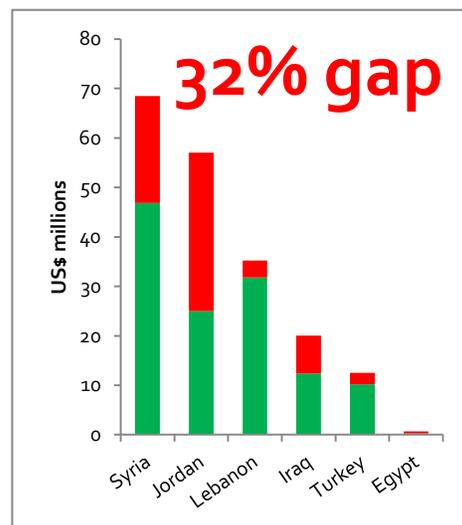
Syria Appeal 2013*

US\$ 68.4 million

Regional Appeal 2013*

US\$ 127.4 million

*January – June 2013



Syria

Highlights

- 912,976 children were reached with Measles, Mumps and Rubella (MMR) vaccine during the ongoing vaccination campaign.
- UNICEF started dispatching 16 generators for drinking water distribution in the most affected areas. To date, 5 generators are under installation in Aleppo, Homs and Deir el Zor. 2.1 million people are expected to have access to clean water when installation is completed.
- Over 90 tons of Chlorine was provided in Tartous, Hama, Homs, Damascus, Rural Damascus, Idleb and Lattakia - enough to cover water purification for 200,000 people.
- UNICEF and implementing partners reached 94,330 children with remedial classes and psychological support.

Estimated Affected Population

(Estimates calculated based on initial figures from (*) OCHA April 2013. The rest of the figures are calculated based on CBS demographic distribution of 2011)

Total Affected Population	(*) 6,800,000
Children Affected (Under 18)	3,128,000
Pregnant women (estimate: 5% of the total population)	340,000
Total Displaced Population (a proportion of the above)	(*) 4,250,000
Children Displaced (estimated: 46 % of the population is children)	1,955,000

Situation Overview and Humanitarian Needs

As the crisis has entered its third year, with no solution in sight towards the end of violence and conflict, the humanitarian situation in Syria is catastrophic and continues to rapidly deteriorate. Fierce fighting across large parts of the country has led to massive displacement and mounting refugee outflows. Almost 80,000 people have been killed since the conflict began more than two years ago. An estimated 6.8 million Syrians, or nearly one-third of the entire population, now require humanitarian assistance, including 4.25 million internally displaced people. Many of them have been displaced more than once.

Children continue to pay a terrible price. Many have been killed, maimed, orphaned, displaced, witnessed violence, and lost their family members and friends. An estimated 3.1 million children in Syria are identified to be in need of assistance as a result of the on-going crisis. This constitutes almost half of all Syrians in need of assistance. About 80 per cent of children in need of assistance (almost 2.4 million) are below the age of 14, and more than half of them (1.9 million) have been displaced, with their opportunities for schooling severely constrained.

Programme response

WASH: People are suffering from water shortages, as a result of the frequent and long periods of interruption to the electricity that run the drinking water pumping stations. UNICEF started the distribution of 16 Generators (ranging from 100 to 500 KVA) in Aleppo, rural Damascus, Hama, Homs, Deir el Zor, Idleb and Quniter. This initiative will help prevent the outbreak of water borne diseases. The estimated population to benefit from clean water in the targeted areas is 2.1 million. To date, 5 generators were dispatched to Aleppo, 3 to Homs and 1 to Deir el Zor, installation is expected to be completed in the coming few days.

UNICEF, in cooperation with IMC, trained 32 hygiene promotion trainers among NGO partners' staff operating in 14 governorates, including the Syrian Arab Red Crescent (SARC). This initiative has resulted in the establishment of a practitioners' network capable of accelerating the dissemination of life saving knowledge among children and mothers regarding hygiene risks.

UNICEF continues to support water purification through the dispatch of sodium hypochlorite to governorates. During the reporting period over 90 tons of Chlorine was provided in Tartous, Hama, Homs, Damascus, Rural Damascus, Idleb and Lattakia - enough to cover water purification for 200,000 people.



UNICEF water generator distribution (UNICEF, 2013)

Child Protection: 470 children and 28 mothers received psychosocial support during the reporting period through SARC in Daraa, Hama, Qunitera, Tartous, Damascus and Rural Damascus bringing the total number of children benefiting from psychosocial support to over 44,438 across the country.

Education: UNICEF continues to work with the Ministry of Education, international and national NGO partners to provide remedial classes and psychosocial support through 330 school clubs in the 9 governorates of Daraa, Rural Damascus, Lattakia, Tartous, Hama, Homs, Qunitera, Damascus and Deir el Zor (bringing it to 66 per cent of the June 2013 target). Over 94,000 children are benefitting from these activities.

UNICEF partnerships with INGOs continue in support of Syrian children and Iraqi refugees residing in Syria. Premier Urgance (PU) implements remedial classes in eight schools in three areas: Masaken Berseh in Damascus and Jaramana and Sahnaya in rural Damascus. So far 1,962 students, including 25 per cent of Iraqi children and 42 per cent of IDP children have registered for the classes. From 8 till 30 April, PU has conducted PSS training for 100 participants (teachers, headmasters, social counselors). The training is conducted during a four day workshop focusing on psychosocial support, non-violent communication and life skills.



A remedial class in Talbisseh, Homs (UNICEF, 2013)

UNICEF, in partnership with the Danish Refugee Council, continues to provide remedial classes, extra curriculum activities, and puppet theater for 1,168 students in primary and intermediate grades (1- 9) in 3 schools in Deraa, Jaramana and Jabl alward. The attendance rate fluctuates due to the escalating security situation in Jaramana. Due to heavy shelling, activities were suspended for two days.

Remedial classes are also being supported through UNICEF's Adolescent Development Programme in cooperation with local NGOs. In Homs, 6,200 children and adolescents continue to benefit from the classes in 14 displacement shelters. Also an open day for children with various recreational activities took place. In Homs, in cooperation with a local NGO, UNICEF started the enhancement of two adolescent friendly spaces in two regions, in preparation to reach 6,000 adolescents through vocational training and advanced life skills training. Additionally, 30 young people (boys and girls) are participating in the first round of training on life skills, and learning methodology in Homs city.



An open day for children in Homs (UNICEF, 2013)

Health: The 50 mobile medical teams in the 12 governorates and the fixed center in Rural Damascus were able to reach 54,871 children with medical care since the beginning of this year. With NGO partners, UNICEF aims to reach 268,000 IDP children by the end of this year. A fixed center in Dummar, Rural Damascus aims to reach 24,300 children by the end of this year.

The national vaccination campaign against measles and polio that started earlier this month is continuing in IDP shelters, schools and primary health care centres (PHC). Reports received from 9 governorates (this does not include all districts in the 9 governorates as data is still to be reported) showed that the campaign reached around 912,976 children with MMR vaccine. The vaccination campaign will be extended until the end of May to cover governorates where children have not been reached.

Nutrition: As a preventive measure to malnutrition, UNICEF started dispatching to SARC boxes of supplementary products for distribution in IDP centers across the country. The 16,350 boxes will cover the needs of over 48,000 women and children for one month. Fifty per cent of the total quantity will be dispatched to Aleppo, Homs, Hama and Damascus where the largest IDP populations reside.

Inter-Agency Collaboration and Partnerships

While clashes continue across the governorate of Homs, the UN hub in Homs is moving forward with acceleration of the humanitarian response in both the city and rural areas. Over the last two weeks, three cross line missions were undertaken in the northern area of Homs; two in Talbisseh and one Tir Maalah. Conducted with the Homs SARC branch, these missions reached affected population with food and supplies and set in place new interventions. UNICEF's team distributed the following items in Talbisseh: 1,000 family hygiene kits, 160 school carton, 1,000 bottles of lice shampoo, and 500 baby hygiene kits. In Tir Maalah: 1,000 family hygiene kits and 1,000 bottles of lice shampoo were distributed. UNICEF will be working with the SARC Branch in Talbisseh on water trucking covering the

needs of 65,000 people during the coming three months, and with the municipality of Telbisseh on collection of solid waste for two months. In Tir Maaleh, UNICEF will work with the Governorate Water Authority in water quality surveillance and to improve the water source.

Supply and Logistics

During the reporting period, the following supplies were distributed:

Governorate	Sector	Item	Quantity	Beneficiaries
Idleb	WASH	Sodium Chlorine	10,000	28,000
Damascus	Nutrition	Supplementary spread, sachet	4,000	130
	Health	Single Vaccine Thermometer	2,000	N/A
	Health	Infant Incubator BabyLife	10	N/A
	Health	Freeze Alert 3Y, P157	2,000	N/A
	Health	Infant Incubator BabyLife	3	N/A
	WASH	10 TM720-400, Toray 8*RO-Spiral	50	N/A
	WASH	Sodium Chlorine	10,000	28,000
Homs	WASH	Sodium Chlorine	10,000	28,000
	WASH	Generators (various capacities)	3	510,000
Rural Damascus	WASH	Sodium Chlorine	10,000	28,000
Lattakia	WASH	Sodium Chlorine	10,000	28,000
Hama	WASH	Sodium Chlorine	20,000	56,000
Tartous	WASH	Sodium Chlorine	10,000	28,000
Aleppo	Health	Resuscitation Kits	2	
	Child Protection	Children Clothes	5,798	5,798
	WASH	Generators (various capacities)	5	1,069,000
Deir el zor	WASH	Generators 500 KVA	1	250,000
Total			93,820	1,574,798

HUMANITARIAN PERFORMANCE MONITORING

WASH Estimated #/% coverage	UNICEF & operational partners		
	UNICEF 2013 Target	Cumulative results (UNICEF & Partners)	% of Target Achieved
# of emergency affected population provided with access to drinking and domestic water ¹	500,000* 10,000,000**	*493,458 **5,200,000	98.63%* 52%**
#of emergency affected population provided with access to soap and other hygiene items ²	500,000	362,800	72,56%
# of emergency affected population with access to appropriately designed toilets and sanitation services ³	500,000	67,369	13.47%
# of people having access to hygiene promotion messages ⁴	750,000	36,999	4,93%
# of children access safe water, sanitation and hygiene facilities in their learning environment and in child friendly spaces ⁵	50,000	Partners not yet reporting	N/A
Child Protection			
# of children with access to psychosocial support and protection services ¹	500,000	44,438	8.88 %
# of Separated and unaccompanied children registered in family tracing or receiving family-based or appropriate alternative care ²	All identified cases.	10	N/A
# of children made aware of the risk of mines, unexploded ordnance and explosive remnants of war ³	1,000,000	Not yet reported	N/A
Education			
# of school-aged children in affected areas in schools/learning programmes ¹	150,000	94,330	62.9%
# of children with access to psychosocial support in education programmes ²	200,000	88,130	44.1%
# of children and adolescents benefitting from non-formal and informal educational services ³	10,000	7,381	73,81%
# of children receiving essential education materials ⁴	1,000,000	153,980	15,4%
Health			
# of children vaccinated against measles, mumps, rubella ¹	2,500,000	912,976	37 %
# of children fully covered with routine Immunization antigens ²	536,000	40,000	8 %
# of children and women equitably access essential health services with sustained coverage of preventive and curative interventions ³	468,000	200,739	43 %
# of children 6-59 months receiving Vitamin A supplementation ⁴	700,000	No reports	%
Nutrition			
# of children <5 receiving multi-micronutrient supplementation	268,000	44,500	16,6%
# of children <5 with SAM in therapeutic feeding	6,150	774	12,05%
# of children <5 with MAM in supplementary feeding	26,000	12,500	48,07%

Comments and Background:
WASH:

¹This indicator captures daily average of people accessing water through water tankering, rehabilitation and maintenance of water systems. Chlorination is reported as a different activity, with a target to reach 10 million people covered for an initial period of three months starting February 2013. As of 2 May, UNICEF and partners reached 7.4 million with the support of provision of generators, pumps and spare parts and reparation and maintenance of WASH infrastructure in schools, IDP shelters and towns.

² Capturing distributions of various hygiene items including family and baby hygiene kits, soap and other item distributions.

³ Capturing construction/establishment of latrines in various affected areas and centres, using an agreed person to latrine ratio of 1:50 (50 beneficiaries for one toilet on average).

⁴ Target reflects a combination of interventions including 500,000 people to receive both hygiene supplies (hygiene kits, soap and other hygiene materials) and hygiene promotion messaging, as well as 250,000 people to be reached through messaging and tools only (mass media component)

⁵ Target reflects interventions in schools and child friendly spaces by WASH and Education partners implementing UNICEF's WASH in schools component.

*This indicator captures water trucking, rehabilitation and maintenance of water systems

** Intervention over three months only.

Child Protection:

¹Beneficiaries of psychosocial support include children reached through the following components: community based child-friendly spaces (static) and mobile child friendly spaces.

²As per Child Protection in emergencies benchmarks/standards, objective is to register all identified cases.

³ Captures children reached with mine-risk education awareness sessions delivered through multiple components, including activities in Child-Friendly Spaces, schools/school clubs and general awareness sessions implemented by partners.

Education:

¹Indicator capturing remedial classes through school clubs and capturing beneficiaries of school rehabilitation and/or prefabricated classrooms once partners begin reporting on results from these activities.

²Psychosocial support provided as part of school club activities by teachers trained on basic PSS and or school counsellors. The target also includes 50,000 children under six to be reached at kindergarten level.

³The target includes non-formal and informal education (combining extra-curricular activities, and life-skills training/education at CFS and Adolescent Friendly Spaces).

⁴ Target is based on 2,000 schools being targeted for distribution of school material packages benefiting children and teachers, with an average of 500 children estimated per school. A portion of these children will also be receiving individual school bags and stationary supplies as part of a combined distribution effort.

Health:

*2013 reports received from 4 out of the 14 governorates.

¹ Immunization target comprised of 700,000 U5 children for catch up of 2012 campaign, 300,000 from 6 months to 15 years in IDP centres, and 1,500,000 school children from grade 1 to 4. To be implemented in part through campaigns and routine. Results will be based on administrative data (WHO/MoH) at governorate level, with reporting to be potentially delayed due to communication difficulties.

² Indicator captures number of children under one year reached over January-June with all EPI antigens through mobile EPI/mobile clinics providing vaccination services as well as children to be reached through routine EPI services.

³ Target revised to 268,000 IDP children reached through mobile clinics, in addition to 200,000 pregnant women reached with health education and the supply and distribution of a combination of health and medical supplies, including First Aid Kits, Emergency Health Kits, Delivery Kits, etc.

⁴ Indicator captures children aged 6-59 months also receiving Vitamin A supplementation as part of the measles catch-up component (see above). Target reduced from the previous target as effort will focus on catch-up component.

Nutrition:

Only dispatch reports available for 2013. See narrative.

Lebanon

Highlights

- Over 335,000 children have been vaccinated against measles, 61,000 against polio and 249,000 receiving Vitamin A supplements in UNICEF's two immunization campaigns.
- 1,207 women and girls have benefitted from services provided at the three UNICEF-supported centres for women and girl survivors and those at risk of sexual and gender-based violence.
- 4,494 children and adolescents are benefitting from non-formal and informal educational services

Total number of registered refugees and pending registration: 450,639 (UNHCR May 2, 2013)			
Registered Refugees	Total	Male	Female
Total Affected Population	339,293	165,914	173,379
Children Affected (Under 18)	178,807	91,609	87,198
Children 0-4 Years	67,519	34,608	32,911

Situation Overview and Humanitarian Needs

A total of 450,639 refugees are currently registered with UNHCR, of which nearly fifty percent are children. The number of Palestinian refugees from Syria (PRS) in Lebanon now exceeds 50,000 individuals.

Programme response

WASH In 2013, *face to face* hygiene promotion sessions have taken place with 4,833 beneficiaries through group and household sessions. The maintenance of WASH facilities in the North is now complete, with 2,766 beneficiaries provided access to appropriate toilets and sanitation services.

The rehabilitation of WASH facilities in four schools in the north was due for completion by end of April benefitting 1,235 students. The commencement of these works was delayed due to ongoing public servant strikes in early 2013. The strikes were concluded in March 2013, with works expeditiously commenced thereafter. Savings by the implementing partner have meant an additional school is able to be rehabilitated from existing funding, reaching an additional 374 students. Work is nearing 90 percent completion and is due to be completed in the five schools in mid-May.

UNICEF's WASH and Health sections have started the initial stages of response to the spread of scabies and lice in Lebanon. Scabies treatment for 6,000 children and 2,000 adults has been dispatched, as well as lice treatment for 1,600 beneficiaries. Treatment for 100,000 cases of scabies and 200,000 cases of lice has been purchased and will be distributed in tented settlements in the coming weeks. To ensure that treatments can be administered in tented settlements, UNICEF is ensuring adequate water and hygiene facilities are available. To this end, UNICEF has initiated a contingency response in the Bekaa, based upon a Contingency Provisioning Agreement with the implementing partner ACF. This includes the delivery of 96 tanks (1,000 litre), latrines and hygiene sessions to the Tal el Abiad settlement.

Child Protection During the reporting period, in addition to the two UNICEF-supported Women and Girls Community Centres in North Lebanon and Bekaa, a new centre was opened in Wadi Khaled. 1,207 women and girls (767 women and 447 girls) have benefited from the three centres' activities through psychosocial services, including individual counseling, and emotional support groups. They also attended skills building, life skills-based education (literacy and English), and information sessions.

Over the past two weeks, 4,262 boys and girls and 1,160 parents and caregivers benefited from parenting classes and support, psychosocial support, recreational activities and non-formal educational interventions in the North and Bekaa, through a combination of centre-based and outreach activities. Additionally, girls and boys at risk of violence, abuse and neglect were referred to basic services as well as specialized services including medical, legal and mental health services. Since the beginning of 2013 the cumulative total is 25,262 boys and girls. This includes 3 cases of unaccompanied and separated children who were referred to appropriate services for follow up.

UNICEF, jointly with the Ministry of Social Affairs (MOSA) and UNHCR, provided 3 days of induction training to 50 MOSA social and field workers – briefing them on the context of the Syrian crisis and the government emergency response and strategy as well sector interventions including information around partners, tools used, and referral mechanisms. Participants acquired basic knowledge on issues related to childcare and gender based violence (GBV) in emergencies, community based approach, protection of persons with special needs and general terms related to job duties, code of conduct and field level and national coordination mechanisms.

Education As the 2013 scholastic year comes to its end, Syrian refugee children retention rates is the focus for the Education in Emergency (EiE) response; this is a major concern as reports of the 2012 scholastic year revealed that 70 per cent of the Syrian students enrolled in public schools dropped out before the end of the year. Accordingly, the EiE response is currently directed towards ensuring that the Syrian students are receiving the necessary support to complete their academic year successfully.

To this end, UNICEF is providing academic and psychosocial support to reduce the risk of students dropping out of their studies. To date, UNICEF and partners are providing 4,494 children with non-formal and informal educational services through remedial classes to children in schools who need support, as well as psychosocial support to 4,233 of these children.

UNICEF, UNHCR and UNRWA have jointly advocated to the Ministry of Education and Higher Education (MEHE) to allow Syrian and Palestinian students from Syria in Grade 9 and 12 to sit official examinations of Brevet and Bacculaureate despite not having the required records from their previous schools in Syria. The initiative was well received and collective efforts are ongoing to ensure a solution is found.

Health In the second phase of UNICEF's vaccination campaign nearly 128,000 children have been vaccinated against measles, of which 21,000 are Syrian. More than 31,000 children under 5 have received polio vaccinations and 129,000 vitamin A supplementation. This is in addition to the 214,000 children immunized across ten provinces in February.

UNICEF's second vaccination campaign for the year ends this week. With UNICEF logistics and funding, four vaccination sites have been established in the UNHCR Registration Centers in Beirut, Tripoli, Zahle and Tyr, in coordination with UNHCR and the Ministry of Public Health. To date 3,000 children have been vaccinated at the Zahle centre against measles and polio and provided vaccination cards to complete their routine vaccination schedule. The other vaccination sites will be fully operational within the next two weeks.

UNICEF's response to the spread of lice and scabies is underway in tented settlements in the Bekaa. UNICEF has funded mobile clinics consisting of a doctor, midwife, two nurses and a vaccinator. Syrian refugees will receive free examination, medication and treatment for other ailments, vaccinations if needed, and referred for specialized care, if required.

Inter-Agency Collaboration and Partnerships

Nearly half of Palestinian refugees from Syria (PRS) are living in the South (31 per cent in Saida and 16 per cent in Tyre), 17 per cent in the Beirut area, 15 per cent in the North and 21 per cent in Beqaa. The majority of households are living inside camps across all areas. The recent influx of Palestinian refugees from Syria is concentrated within large camps (Ein El-Helweh, Rashidiyeh, Beddawi and Nahr el-Bared camp).

UNRWA's education department is in the process of distributing UNICEF-funded vouchers valued at 50,000 L.L (approximately USD33) to each child enrolled in an UNRWA school, allowing more than 3,300 children and their parents to purchase clothing.

UNICEF, UNRWA and UNHCR conducted a joint meeting with the Minister of Education to raise the issue of the Palestinian Refugees from Syria in grades 9 and 12 who cannot sit for the exams of Brevet and Bacculaureate because they do not have the required records from their previous schools in Syria.

Communications for Development (C4D)

UNICEF has developed leaflets and communication materials in Arabic on the detection, prevention and treatment of lice and scabies. 600,000 leaflets are under printing and will be distributed at UNHCR registration centres, by the Ministry of Public Health and Beyond NGO at public healthcare centres and mobile treatment units, by the Ministry of Social Affairs in their Social Development Centres, and by WFP with their distributions.

Supply and Logistics

The following supplies are being distributed to partners this week:

- 90 recreation kits and 6 early childhood development kits
- Medical supplies for the response to the spread of lice and scabies in the Bekaa
- 1,200 bed sets in the Bekaa

HUMANITARIAN PERFORMANCE MONITORING

Estimated #/% coverage	UNICEF & operational partners		
	UNICEF 2013 Target	Cumulative results (UNICEF & Partners)	% of Target Achieved
WASH			
Emergency affected population provided with access to drinking and domestic water	105,000	608	1%
Emergency affected population provided with access to soap and other hygiene items	105,000	5,263	5%
Emergency affected population with access to appropriately designed toilets and sanitation services	105,000	2,766	3%
Child Protection			
Children with access to psychosocial support services	74,000	25,262	34%
Health			
# of children (boys and girls) 9 months to 15 years vaccinated against measles*	74,000	85,835	116%
# of children (boys and girls) 6 months to 15 years receiving Vitamin A supplementation*	74,000	71,625	97%
# of children (boys and girls) 9 months to 18 years vaccinated against measles**		335,422***	N/A
# of children (boys and girls) up to 18 years receiving Vit- A**		249,206****	
# of children (boys and girls) up to 5 years receiving Polio **		61,094	

Estimated #/% coverage	UNICEF & operational partners			Sector		
	UNICEF 2013 Target	Cumulative results (#)	% of Target Achieved	Sector Target	Cumulative results (#)	% Target Achieved
Education						
School-aged children in affected areas in schools/learning programmes	35,530	18,747	52%	NA	NA	NA
Children with access to psychosocial support in education programmes	32,720	4,233**	13%	70,560*	NA	NA
Children and adolescents benefitting from non-formal and informal educational services	32,720	4,494**	14%	70,560*	NA	NA

Comments/Background:

Health:

* Target includes 16% host community and 3% Palestinian refugee children.

** Additional results from expanded efforts including wider geographical coverage and expanded age brackets. No target is currently available as the effort is based on evolving need on the ground.

*** Of which 58,734 are Syrian refugee children and 5,032 are Palestinian children (in Lebanon and returned from Syria)

**** Of which 46,692 are Syrian refugee children and 3,883 are Palestinian children (in Lebanon and returned from Syria)

Education:

UNICEF Operational Partners: Iqra' Association, Save the Children International, Amel Association.

* From RRP4, adding up ALL figures for targets against "Number of children (6-14 years old) enrolled in alternative primary education"

** Numbers are only reported when the Child Level reporting form is received by UNICEF M&E officer and verified.

Jordan

Highlights

- A total of 60,051 children and adults have been vaccinated against measles during the Ministry of Health and UNICEF/UNHCR/WHO mass campaign which concluded in Za'atari camp on 25 April.
- 32,098 Syrian children are now enrolled in UNICEF-supported Jordanian public schools across the country.
- In host communities, UNICEF/JEN are completing a WASH assessment in 474 public schools.

Total registered refugees and individuals awaiting registration: 448,370 (UNHCR May 2 2013)			
Registered Refugees	Total	Male	Female
Total Affected Population	393,370	185,277	208,093
Children Affected (Under 18)	213,993	106,603	107,390
Children Under Five	72,080	35,010	37,370
Children 6 to 23 months	27,536	13,768	13,768
Pregnant women	17,701	N/A	17,701

Situation overview and humanitarian needs

Over 204,227 Syrian refugees have crossed into Jordan since 1 January 2013, bringing the total number of Syrians now registered or awaiting registration with UNHCR to 448,370. The Government of Jordan estimates there are over 470,000 Syrians in the country, of which over half are children. 43,153 refugees were transported by IOM to Za'atari refugee camp in April alone.

Programme response

WASH UNICEF/Mercy Corps are moving forward with plans to build water storage facilities/tanks in Za'atari (module seven), to allow water pumping at night and reduce the cost of water supply to the camp. Once the facilities are operational, trucks will be able to gather water directly from the water tanks, which will have been filled overnight, and distribute the water to the different camp modules. In module four, one of the newer areas of the camp, the plan is to connect a central tank to the storage facilities in module seven, through a network of pipelines. UNICEF/Oxfam have started the construction of this water storage and distribution system, which is expected to significantly reduce the extent of costly water trucking. If successful, the storage and distribution system will be extended to other areas in the camp.

UNICEF/partners continue to hand over WASH blocks to WASH refugee committees in Za'atari. UNICEF partners now provide cleaning kits to ownership committees, which take on the responsibility of cleaning and maintaining their own blocks (without payment or incentive). To date, approximately 30 per cent of all WASH blocks in Za'atari have been handed over to committees. The remaining blocks should be handed over by end of May. UNICEF/ACTED hygiene promotion teams conducted a mass hygiene 'blitz'/campaign in Za'atari last week to mobilize WASH committees and disseminate key hygiene messages through songs, games, and other activities. This type of campaign aims to engage the community, raise awareness of good hygiene practices and encourage ownership and maintenance of facilities. As a result of this campaign, the community came together and organized the cleaning of WASH blocks. UNICEF/partners are currently able to serve 122,350 beneficiaries through WASH infrastructure in Za'atari camp, including 2,447 operational latrines.

UNICEF and partners have agreed on the layout of water supply infrastructure in Azraq, while discussions on the design and layout of sanitation facilities are nearing conclusion. UNICEF and partners will be ready to commence work in the camp by 1 May.

UNICEF in coordination with the Ministry of Interior and Jordanian border guard officials has conducted a mission to Tal Shihab border crossing near Ramtha to evaluate the conditions for WASH facilities for Syrian refugees on-site.

In host communities, UNICEF/Japan Emergency NGO (JEN) have finalized an assessment of WASH facilities in 465 public schools in five governorates (Ma'raq, Irbid, Zarqa, Ma'an, Amman). The remaining 9 schools will be visited by early May. Once the assessment is complete, JEN will start rehabilitating the 150 schools in most need. In addition, UNICEF partner Relief International is now airing daily public service announcements on Irbid-based Yarmouk Radio (FM 105.7), to promote water conservation and proper waste management across the northern governorates, which host large numbers of Syrian refugees.

On 24 April, UK Foreign Office Minister Alistair Burt, the DFID Representative, and the UK Ambassador in Jordan visited a UNICEF/Mercy Corps water pumping station in Mafraq, to learn about water supply improvements funded by DFID/UKAid in host communities in Jordan. The delegation assured its continuing support to UNICEF projects in host communities, benefitting both Syrian refugees and local Jordanians. These projects aim to enhance water supply delivery in areas hosting a large number of Syrian refugees, where water scarcity is expected to be exacerbated during the coming summer months.

Child Protection Since 1 January 2013, UNICEF/partners have reached 45,448 Syrian children (56 per cent girls) through various psychosocial support interventions in camps and host communities, using Child and Youth Friendly Spaces (CFS) as entry points. This number includes over 4,000 children who have received specialized case management services. UNICEF partner IMC currently operates three youth empowerment spaces in Za'atari camp, which provide a range of activities, including "Youth Empowerment Projects" (YEP). YEPs seek to develop the social responsibility of adolescents and promote them as agents of positive change in their own communities. YEPs helps build self-esteem, decrease psychosocial distress and aggressiveness, and increase community connectedness, enabling youth to see how they can be agents of change.

Since the beginning of the year, UNICEF/IRC has actively managed 161 cases of unaccompanied children in Za'atari camp (66 per cent boys). Of these, 60 per cent have been reunified with parents/caregivers or relatives (30 per cent in Za'atari).

The new Emirates Jordan Camp (EJC), which officially opened on 10 April, now hosts 2,234 Syrian refugees (over 54 per cent children). In this camp, UNICEF partner Terre des Hommes is currently providing psychosocial support services (PSS) to over 100 children every day. To date, nearly 600 children have been registered attending various PSS activities.

As a part of efforts to enhance interventions in the host communities, UNICEF has completed a six-day Training of Trainers (ToT) on Quality Psychosocial Interventions for Children and Young People Living in Profound Stress. The training targeted frontline staff members from five organizations operating in host communities across Jordan, providing psychosocial support for Jordanian and displaced children and women.

Education For certification purposes, the Ministry of Education (MoE) has decided to hold classes six days a week at the second school in Za'atari. This comes following discussion with UNICEF to extend the school week, in order to allow those students who registered later to have enough school hours to graduate. Students at the school will now attend classes from Saturday to Thursday. UNICEF/Save the Children Jordan distributed school bags to some 1,410 boys and girls in the first school in the camp. UNICEF is in the final stages of building of a third school in Za'atari, to provide additional education services, including remedial education, to children in the camp. A total of 50 classrooms have been installed thus far. The remaining 10 will be completed shortly.

In host communities, 32,098 Syrian children have registered to attend school across the country. In addition, 3,231 Syrian and Jordanian school children (50 per cent Syrian) are now attending remedial education classes in 20 centres in 11 directorates, under a programme led by UNICEF partner Madrasati Initiative. Two new centres are expected to open shortly in North West Badyeh and Zarqa. Once open, each centre will have the capacity to host around 200 students. The MoE has decided to hold classes six days a week at 16 double shifted schools opened after 1 November 2012, to allow those students who registered later to have enough time to graduate. For those enrolled between 1 November and 31 December 2012, the end of the scholastic year will be 4 July 2013, while for those registered from 1 January to 31 March 2013, school will finish on 25 July.

UNICEF has met with the MoE to discuss the activation of student councils, Parent Teacher Associations (PTAs), and the implementation of the Ma'an campaign against violence in schools in Za'atari and host communities. The aim of these interventions is to improve the educational environment of schools and enhance the participation of students in school life.

Health The Ministry of Health (MoH) and UNICEF/UNHCR/WHO has concluded the mass measles, polio and vitamin A vaccination campaign conducted in Za'atari camp from 13 to 25 April. The campaign targeted Syrian refugees between the ages of six months and 30 years for measles vaccination, zero to five years for polio and six to 59 months for Vitamin A supplements. A total of 60,051 children (42,056) and adults (17,995) were vaccinated against measles during the campaign. In addition, 16,152 children (0-5 years) were immunized against polio and 15,423 children (6-59 months) received vitamin A. This brings the number of children vaccinated against measles in the camp since the start of year to 62,840.

Nutrition UNICEF/Save the Children Jordan (SCJ) continue to provide nutritional support and guidance through the Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) programme in Za'atari camp, which includes breastfeeding promotion, complementary child feeding, one-to-one counseling, and health education sessions for pregnant and lactating women. During the last two weeks, 1,552 mothers and 959 children under the age of five visited the two IYCF caravans currently operational in the camp. A total of 82 lactating mothers attended

one-to-one counseling sessions on breastfeeding. In addition, 3,185 children under five and lactating mothers received nutritional snacks. Each day, between 100 and 110 mothers attend the sessions.

Inter-Agency Collaboration and Partnerships

The Child Protection (CP) and Gender Based-Violence (GBV) sub-working group has split into two entities and will meet separately from May onwards. The CP group will be chaired by UNICEF and UNHCR, while UNFPA and UNHCR will chair the GBV group. A consultation on the second draft of the national emergency CP/GBV SOP was held with representatives from different ministries and members of the group. The final draft will be validated by a technical committee.

The call for proposal from the OCHA Emergency Response Fund was closed on 26 April. A total of nine education proposals have been received by the technical review committee of the Education Sector Working Group/. A review of the proposals and final recommendations will be submitted to OCHA for further approval based on priorities identified with the WG. In addition, the WG is finalizing land allocation for education service centers and schools in the new Azraq camp, in coordination with the CP WG and UNHCR.

Communications for Development (C4D)

UNICEF is preparing a communication plan with visibility and outreach material for the vaccination campaign in host communities, scheduled to begin in early May.

Supply and Logistics

In this reporting period, UNICEF received: 9,877 Baby Hygiene Supplement Kits (diapers, soap and zinc cream); 215 School-in-a-Box kits, each containing supplies for 40 students for three months; 36 solar water heating units, which will be used to heat water next winter; and a total of 2,983 pieces of various school furniture. UNICEF also received 2,000 baby clothing kits.

HUMANITARIAN PERFORMANCE MONITORING

Estimated #/% coverage	UNICEF & operational partners			Sector		
	UNICEF 2013 Target	Cumulative results (#)	% of Target Achieved	Sector Target	Cumulative results (#)	% of Target Achieved
WASH						
Emergency affected population provided with access to drinking and domestic water	216,000	232,493*	108%	290,000	232,493*	80%
Emergency affected population provided with access to soap and other hygiene items	155,000	41,841	27%	270,000	206,993	77%
Emergency affected population with access to appropriately designed toilets and sanitation services	180,000	204,493**	114%	180,000	204,493**	114%
Population with access to hygiene promotion messages	200,000	174,315	87%	270,000	174,315	65%
Children with access to safe water, sanitation and hygiene facilities in their learning environment and in child friendly spaces	30,800	12,000	39%	30,800	12,000	39%
Child Protection						
Children with access psychosocial support services	88,128	45,448	52%	TBC	*	*
Separated and unaccompanied children identified and registered through inter-agency system	All identified cases	161	N/A	TBC	*	*
Separated and unaccompanied children in emergency reunified with families **	Case by case basis	97**	60%	TBC	*	*
Education						

School-aged children in affected areas in schools/learning programmes	40,000*	44,098	110%	40,000*	44,098	110%
Children with access to psychosocial support in education programmes	10,000	6,816	68%	14,500	6,816	47%
Children and adolescents benefitting from non-formal and informal educational services	19,400	5,486	28%	32,700	5,486	17%
Nutrition						
# of pregnant and lactating mothers reached with infant and young child feeding promotion and counselling	17,340	5,675	33%	75,000	5,675	8%
# of infants and lactating mothers receiving supplementary feeding support	6,200	13,225	184%	75,000	13,225	18%
Estimated #/% coverage	UNICEF & operational partners					
	UNICEF 2013 Target	Cumulative Results	% of Target Achieved			
Health						
Children (boys and girls) vaccinated against measles*	77,760			62,840		81%
Children <2 yrs (boys and girls) fully covered with routine Immunization antigens	70,300			**		N/A
Children (boys and girls) 6-59 months receiving Vitamin A supplementation	77,760			25,548		33%

Comments/Background

WASH: *These figure reflects the number of people currently accommodated in Za'atari camp, King Abdullah Park (KAP) and Cyber City (CC), plus the population reached in host communities. **These figure reflects the number of people currently accommodated in Za'atari camp, King Abdullah Park (KAP) and Cyber City (CC), as UNICEF is the sole WASH provider. Camp population figures are UNHCR estimates, based on active UNHCR registrations. Actual population is subject to uncertainties including incomplete camp departure information and other variables.

Note: UNICEF targets in the table above account for both current and anticipated needs, using targets accounting for projected future influx of refugees.

Child Protection: *Data not available. UNICEF targets account for both current and anticipated needs, using targets accounting for projected future influx of refugees.

**This indicator replaces that of the number of children placed in alternative care. Alternative care arrangements in Jordan need to be approved by court. It is expected that children will only be put in formal care arrangements once the system currently being established is fully functional, in several months.

Education: *Target includes children enrolled in formal public schools only (in both Za'atari camp and host communities). Note: UNICEF targets in the table above account for both current and anticipated needs, using targets accounting for projected future influx of refugees.

Nutrition: UNICEF targets in the table above account for both current and anticipated needs, using targets accounting for projected future influx of refugees.

Health: *Covers children under 15 years of age in Za'atari camp and children under 5 in host communities. **Undergoing verification/pending from MoH.

Note: UNICEF targets in the table above account for both current and anticipated needs, using targets accounting for projected future influx of refugees.

For more information, please visit: <https://www.facebook.com/UNICEFJordan>

For update figures, please visit the inter-agency portal: <http://data.unhcr.org/syrianrefugees/country.php?id=107>

Iraq

Highlights

- UNICEF has started constructing a shaded space, water facilities and separate male and female sanitation facilities at the Suhaila border area in Dohuk Governorate to assist hundreds of people crossing the border daily.
- A new primary school has been opened in Domiz camp, providing education for 1,400 children; UNICEF has provided stationery for 1,000 of the children and will provide stationery to the remaining children over the coming days.
- A fourth school in Domiz is urgently required to provide education to children being newly registered by a UNICEF-supported school enrolment campaign.

Total number of registered refugees and pending registration: 140,873 (UNHCR May 2, 2013)			
Registered Refugees	Total	Male	Female
Total Affected Population	140,873	84,260	48,433
Children Affected (Under 18)	54,518	29,865	24,653
Children 0-4 Years	20,567	10,424	10,143

Situation Overview and Humanitarian Needs

More Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) inside Syria have arrived in the border district of Abukamal from the province of Riqqa (northern Syria) and are reportedly lacking food and medicine. It is estimated that 6,000 IDPs are on the Syrian side of the border, which remains closed. Refugee returns to Syria from Al-Qaim camp are decreasing following returns of more than 3,000 people over the last three months.

Domiz camp is currently hosting more than 39,000 refugees, greatly exceeding its capacity of 22,000 refugees. Families are sharing tents, transit areas are overcrowded, existing services are stretched, such as water and sanitation, and finding space in the camp to provide additional services including education, child friendly spaces and others, is a challenge.

Programme response

WASH

Northern Iraq: An average of 500 people cross the Syrian border daily at the Suhaila border point. They cope with the hardship of weather and a lack of potable water and sanitation facilities while waiting for registration and administrative procedures. In response, UNICEF in partnership with the Kurdistan Reconstruction and Development Society (KURDS) has started constructing a shaded space where refugees can more comfortably assemble and have access to water facilities and separate male and female sanitation facilities.

In order to develop suitable hygiene promotion messages and interventions in Domiz camp, a Knowledge Attitude and Practices (KAP) survey is being conducted. UNICEF, in partnership with Islamic Relief Worldwide (IRW) and the Directorate of Health (DOH) in Dohuk, has completed training for 60 hygiene promoters who will soon be deployed to sensitize 100 families (500 people) each on practicing good hygiene using messages derived from the findings of the KAP survey. The campaign will target 35,000 people in the camp.

UNICEF in partnership with KURDS started the construction of a water supply system for Transit 7 in Domiz camp that will provide 7,800 refugees with 50 liters per person per day.

Western Iraq: Hygiene mobilizers have reported that refugees in both camps are in need of shampoo against lice. Coordination is ongoing with the Al-Qaim Health sector to distribute the shampoo. The ongoing UNICEF-supported hygiene promotion campaign in the two camps has reportedly improved the practice of healthy behavior, which has improved the quality of living conditions.

Adult and Baby Hygiene Kits with soap have been distributed to 158 Syrian families (950 people of which 60 per cent are females) in host communities in Al-Qaim district. The distribution was coordinated with local civil society in Al-Qaim.

Child Protection

Northern Iraq: There is a high demand for psychosocial activities for children and young people, including activities for children under five years. In response, an additional Child Friendly Space and Youth Friendly Space is being constructed by ACTED in Domiz Camp, which will benefit an average of 250 children daily in addition to the over 500 children who continue to benefit daily from the UNICEF-supported CFS.

The Child Protection Unit (CPU) is continuing to identify, monitor, prevent and respond to child protection issues. During the past week, 28 cases have been registered in the CPU, of which 13 were referred to other services, mainly the health clinic and mental health unit. Social workers from the CPU conducted two awareness sessions for children and their parents on violence against children, which remains the primary child protection concerns in the camp.

Western Iraq: An average of 500 girls and boys are attending the Child Friendly Spaces daily. The activities include chess, football, drawing, table tennis as well as embroidery and knitting. In addition, educational activities that support children and youth complete their school tasks and assignments are provided including: the English alphabet, vocabulary and theoretical sessions on computers.

The Child Friendly Spaces continue to conduct awareness sessions targeting children and youth and their communities. The sessions address issues such as the risk of smoking, the proper way of using public assets, good conduct in all of the camps' facilities and discussion on child rights and child protection. Parents and caregivers were also part of sessions.

Education

Northern Iraq: A third school in Domiz camp, Jiyan School constructed by UNHCR, has recently opened and is providing education to 1,400 children. UNICEF has distributed 1,000 stationary kits for the students and will be providing stationary to the remaining children over the coming days.

In order to encourage parents to send children to school, and to find out the education needs in Domiz, UNICEF is supporting Harikar to conduct an enrollment campaign, which has reached 2,300 families so far. As the campaign will contribute to more children registering for education, the need of constructing a new school is urgent. UNICEF, DOE and the Education Working Group are in discussion for site allocation.

An Education Committee has been established in Domiz camp, including 10 members from the refugee community who have been trained. This committee will be closely linked to the three schools, the Education Working Group and DOE for support and information sharing. In addition, training of all teachers and principals on the Child Friendly School approach, which includes participatory learning and pedagogy, is ongoing. So far 28 teachers from Qamishlu and KAR schools have been trained with an additional 26 teachers currently being trained. Eight administration staff are also being trained on school management and leadership.

Western Iraq: The Director of Education visited Al-Qaim camp, showing appreciation for UNICEF's support. As a result of the visit, an accredited Baccalaureate exam center for grade-6 will be established for the refugee children without identity cards and who cannot attend schools outside the camp.

Non-classroom activities and life skills training that started during the mid-year school break are being expanded for children in school. The activities include art, writing, sports, and sewing. Both parents and children enjoyed these activities and the children are setting up an exhibition for their art.

Health

Northern Iraq: Preparations are being finalized for the Dohuk Directorate of Health's second round of polio vaccinations for all children under five in Domiz Camp, which will be conducted along with the national campaign for all children under the age of five in Iraq starting on May 5th. UNICEF will support social mobilization activities to ensure that all under five children in Domiz camp are vaccinated. The campaign will target 3,500 children.

The routine vaccination activities are ongoing in the existing health centre in Domiz camp. During the reporting period, 280 children were vaccinated with DPT dose one, two or three and 120 children were vaccinated with Rota vaccine. UNICEF supported the vaccination teams with food allowance, transportation and cold chain supplies.

Western Iraq: The Primary Health Center (PHC) and Al-Qaim Health District continued conducting immunization sessions (two per week) targeting under five children. During the reporting period, 228 children were included in the routine programme and received

vaccination against the following diseases: polio (63); rotavirus (42); tetra (42); penta (39), and MMR & measles (44). A few cases of lice have been found among children, and discussion is ongoing with the Health District on the importance of providing the PHC center with shampoo as well as conducting awareness sessions for the communities on prevention.

Nutrition

Northern Iraq: During the reporting period, the Growth Monitoring Unit in Domiz Health Facility has screened 78 under five children. 7 children were moderately malnourished and referred to the Sumail district PHC for management. UNICEF has provided the Nutrition Research Institute from the Ministry of Health in Baghdad with F-75 and F-100 therapeutic milk for treatment of malnourished children.

Western Iraq: As a part of health promotion activities, UNICEF/ AFKAR conducted an awareness campaign on breast-feeding. AFKAR visited 13 newborn children (age 1-3 month) and provided their mothers with messages on the importance of breastfeeding and vaccination. During the reporting period, 33 children also received vitamin A through routine programme.

HUMANITARIAN PERFORMANCE MONITORING

Estimated #/% coverage	UNICEF & operational partners			Sector		
	UNICEF 2013 Target	Cumulative results (#)	% of Target Achieved	Sector Target	Cumulative results (#)	% of Target Achieved
WASH						
Emergency affected population provided with access to drinking and domestic water.	36,000	28,302 (8,302*/20,000**)	79%	90,000	N/A	N/A
Emergency affected population provided with access to soap and other hygiene items.	22,500	9252*	41%	90,000	N/A	N/A
Emergency affected population with access to appropriately designed toilets and sanitation services.	36,000	13,302 (8,302* /5,000 **)	37%	90,000	N/A	N/A
Population having access to hygiene promotion messages.	50,000	27,086 (9,252* /17,834**)	54%	90,000	N/A	N/A
Children access safe water, sanitation and hygiene facilities in their learning environment and in child friendly spaces.	35,100	3,737 (2500* /1237**)	11%	35,100	N/A	N/A
Child Protection						
Children with access to psychosocial support services	6,000	3,320 (2,146*/1174**)	55%	10,500	3,320	32%
Separated and unaccompanied children registered in family tracing or receiving family-based or appropriate alternative care	All identified cases	143 (13*/130**)	N/A	100%		N/A
Education						
School-aged children in affected areas in schools/learning programmes.	12,000	10,526 (7,126* / 3400**)	88%	18,000	10,526	58%
Children with access to psychosocial support in education programmes.	12,000	2,165*	18%	18,000		%
Nutrition						
Children <5 receiving multi-micronutrient supplementation*	18,900	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
PLWs receiving micronutrient supplementation	7,200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Women having access to IYCF Services	3,600	13,928**	More than 100%	N/A	N/A	N/A

Estimated #/% coverage	UNICEF & operational partners		
	UNICEF 2013 Target	Cumulative Results	% of Target Achieved
Health			
Children (boys and girls) vaccinated against measles	18,900	13,619 (4,232*/9,387**)	72%
Children <2 yrs* (boys and girls) fully covered with routine Immunization antigens	7,200	5,880 (2580*/3300**)	82%
Children (boys and girls) 6-59 months receiving Vitamin A supplementation	9,000	9,420 (33*/9,387**)	100%
Children and women equitably access essential health services with sustained coverage of preventive and curative interventions	55,800	37,466 (3,466* /34,000 **)	67%

Comments/Background:

WASH: * Al-Qaim only ** Domiz only * Phase 5 will accommodate 1,000 tents. Number of beneficiaries will be identified once people are relocated to the tents

Child Protection: *Qaim Camp (Anbar) ,** Domiz Camp (Dohuk)

Education: *Qaim Camp (Anbar) ** Domiz Camp (Dohuk)

Nutrition: **Domiz only

Health: *Al-Qaim only ** Domiz only. *As refugees have access to free movement in and out to the camp, the figures are not fixed hence the target and % of target is changed based on time.*

Turkey

Total number of registered refugees and pending registration: 316,464 (UNHCR May 2, 2013)			
Registered Refugees	Total	Male	Female
Total Affected Population	284,079	145,164	138,915

Highlights

- Turkish officials reported that there are 192,701 Syrian refugees registered and living in 17 camps in eight provinces. This is approximately a 30 per cent increase since the beginning of 2013.
- UNICEF has supported 850 Syrian students in high school and University to complete six-month intensive Turkish classes through the Turkce Ogretim Merkezi (TOMER - Turkish Teaching Centre). They will be able to apply to Turkish universities in September 2013 and to access scholarships.

Situation Overview and Humanitarian Needs

As of 26 April 2013, 123,494 of non-camp Syrians are registered and given appointments to be registered by the local authorities. The Coordination Centre in Şanlıurfa province has been established for the registration of an estimated 40,000 non-camp Syrian. A Coordination Centre is also planned in Hatay province, where it is estimated there are approximately 35,000 Syrians living only in the urban centre of Reyhanli.

Programme response

Child Protection

UNICEF is currently undertaking a mapping of Child Friendly Spaces in 3 camps in Hatay and Gaziantep governorates as part of the EU-funded project activities in the area of child protection.

Education

UNICEF, in partnership with the Disaster and Emergency Presidency (AFAD), has supported 850 Syrian students in high school and University to complete six-month intensive Turkish classes through the Turkce Ogretim Merkezi (TOMER) (Turkish Teaching Centre) to enable them to apply to Turkish universities in September 2013, and access to scholarships. Teachers from TOMER will conduct the classes in the camps, based on where the students are located.

Municipalities in host communities have requested assistance for repair and maintenance of buildings to use as schools, as well as furnishing. UNICEF is currently procuring supplies for a school in Sanliurfa, which will be delivered in the coming weeks.

Communications for Development (C4D)

A total of 68,000 C4D brochures on breastfeeding have been distributed to camp health facilities and field hospitals to benefit women of reproductive age (15-49).

Supply and Logistics

In preparation for the academic school year, procurement has begun for schools supplies for distribution to schools in camps and host communities.

HUMANITARIAN PERFORMANCE MONITORING

Estimated #/% coverage	UNICEF & operational partners			
	UNICEF 2013 Target	Need as of April 2013*	Cumulative results (#)	% Covered
Child Protection				
# of severely affected children and adolescents (boys and girls) provided with specialised support in education programmes and/or through recreational activities.	99,750	97,916	0*	0%
# of children benefiting from essential winter supplies	87,300**		28,700	33%
Education				
# of school-aged children (boys and girls aged 4-18) in camps in schools/learning programmes	97,000	73,708**	28,014***	38% (need) 29% (target)
Estimated #/% coverage	UNICEF & operational partners			
	UNICEF Target	Cumulative results (#)		% Covered
Youth				
# of children reached with extracurricular activities organized by youth volunteers	10,000	0		0

Comments/Background

Child Protection: UNICEF has set targets for the planning timeframe of January-June 2013. These are based on anticipated total refugees by June 2013 and therefore do not necessarily reflect needs on the ground at this point in time. Needs on the ground are thus also reported to measure results against actual needs. Achieved at sector level is also reported against actual needs.

* Additional results and partner reports are being received and consolidated.

** The remaining 67% of winterisation needs have been covered by the Government of Turkey.

Education: *UNICEF has set targets for the planning timeframe of January-June 2013. These are based on anticipated total refugees by June 2013 and therefore do not necessarily reflect needs on the ground at this point in time. Needs on the ground are thus also reported to measure results against actual needs. Achieved at sector level is also reported against actual needs.

** This number is yet to be confirmed by the Government of Turkey.

***Overall efforts led by the Government of Turkey are ensuring that 28,014 children are in schools/learning programmes inside the camps.

Regional

Funding

Funding Status		Child Protection	Education	Health & Nutrition	WASH	NFIs	Safety & Security	Ops. Mgmt	Total*
In millions of US Dollars									
Syria	Required	8.82	20.05	15.88	22.5		1.19		68.44
	Funded	5.88	4.77	2.2	7.72	4.65	0.45		46.88
Jordan	Required	11.19	17.76	3.69	24.35				56.99
	Funded	1.52	0.08	1.36	10.37				25.02
Lebanon	Required	7.77	13.83	1.06	10.81	1.72			35.19
	Funded	5.65	8.87	1.56	4.33				31.81
Iraq	Required	1.45	2.41	1.45	9.3			5.4	20.01
	Funded	0.67	0.43	0.69	3.39			1.41	12.4
Turkey	Required	6	6.5						12.5
	Funded	3.51	3.66						10.17
Egypt	Required	0.26	0.35	0.09					0.7
	Funded								0.3
MENA**	Required							2	2
	Funded	1.21	0.51	0.51	0.51	3.7		0.51	7.05
Total	Required	35.49	60.9	22.17	66.96	1.72	1.19	7.4	195.83
	Funded	18.44	18.32	6.32	26.32	8.35	0.45	1.92	133.63
	Gap	17.05	42.58	15.85	40.64	-6.63	0.74	5.48	62.2
	% Funded	52.0%	30.1%	28.5%	39.3%	485.5%	37.8%	25.9%	68.2%

* This includes contributions of US\$ 53.5 million being allocated.

** This includes Multi-Country contingency (US\$ 3.7 million), Multi-country Monitoring and Reporting Mechanism (US\$ 0.7 million), and Multi-country technical support (US\$ 2.65 million).

Next Situation Report: 16 May 2013

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UNICEF Syria and Syrian Refugees Appeal: <http://www.unicef.org/appeals/index.html>